Please amend the claims as follows:

1-9. (Cancelled without prejudice)

10. (Twice Amended Herewith) A method for [[preventing and curing]] <u>ameliorating</u> cutaneous inflammation in a mammal which comprises administering thereto an effective amount of a dermatological agent for external use containing a chromanol glycoside represented by the following general formula (1)

$$R^{5}O$$
 R^{2}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 $R^{$

wherein R¹, R², R³, and R⁴, which may be the same or different, each represent a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group, R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or a lower acyl group, X represents a monosaccharic residue or an oligosaccharic residue, which may have the hydrogen atom of the hydroxyl group in the saccharic residue substituted with a lower alkyl group or a lower acyl group, n represents an integer in the range of 0-6, and m represents an integer in the range of 1-6.

- 11. (Twice Amended Herewith) The method of claim 10 wherein said chromanol glycoside is selected from the group consisting of $2-(\alpha-D-glycopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, $2-(\beta-D-glactopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, and $2-(\alpha-D-glycopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, and $2-(\alpha-D-glycopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol.
- 12. (Twice Amended Herewith) A method for [[preventing and curing]] <u>ameliorating</u> inflammation caused by ultraviolet light in a mammal which comprises administering thereto an effective amount of a dermatological agent for external use containing a chromanol glycoside represented by the following general formula (1)

$$R^{5}O$$
 R^{2}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 $R^{$

wherein R¹, R², R³, and R⁴, which may be the same or different, each represent a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group, R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or a lower acyl group, X represents a monosaccharic residue or an oligosaccharic residue, which may have the hydrogen atom of the hydroxyl group in the saccharic residue substituted with a lower alkyl group or a lower acyl group, n represents an integer in the range of 0-6, and m represents an integer in the range of 1-6.

- 13. (Twice Amended Herewith) The method of claim 12 wherein said chromanol glycoside is selected from the group consisting of $2-(\alpha-D-glycopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, $2-(\beta-D-glactopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, and $2-(\alpha-D-glycopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, and $2-(\alpha-D-glycopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol.
- 14. (Twice Amended Herewith) A method for [[preventing and allaying]] <u>ameliorating</u> the deposition of pigment in the skin in a mammal which comprises administering thereto an effective amount of a dermatological agent for external use containing a chromanol glycoside represented by the following general formula (1)

$$R^{5}O$$
 R^{2}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 $R^{$

wherein R¹, R², R³, and R⁴, which may be the same or different, each represent a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group, R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or a lower acyl group, X represents a monosaccharic residue or an oligosaccharic residue, which may have the hydrogen atom of the hydroxyl group in the saccharic residue substituted with a lower alkyl group or a lower acyl group, n represents an integer in the range of 0-6, and m represents an integer in the range of 1-6.

- 15. (Twice Amended Herewith) The method of claim 14 wherein said chromanol glycoside is selected from the group consisting of $2-(\alpha-D-glycopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, $2-(\beta-D-glactopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, and $2-(\alpha-D-glycopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, and $2-(\alpha-D-glycopyranosyl)$ methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol.
- 16. (Amended) A method for whitening skin in a mammal which comprises administering thereto an effective amount of a dermatological agent for external use containing a chromanol glycoside represented by the following general formula (1)

$$R^{5}O$$
 R^{2}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 $R^{$

wherein R¹, R², R³, and R⁴, which may be the same or different, each represent a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group, R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or a lower acyl group, X represents a monosaccharic residue or an oligosaccharic residue, which may have the hydrogen atom of the hydroxyl group in the saccharic residue substituted with a lower alkyl group or a lower acyl group, n represents an integer in the range of 0-6, and m represents an integer in the range of 1-6.

- 17. (Twice Amended Herewith) The method of claim 16 wherein said chromanol glycoside is selected from the group consisting of 2-(α -D-glycopyranosyl)methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, 2-(β -D-fructofuranosyl)methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, and 2-(α -D-mannopyranosyl)methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol.
- 18. (Twice Amended Herewith) A method for [[preventing]] <u>ameliorating</u> the [[the]] formation of wrinkles and sags <u>in the skin</u> caused by ultraviolet light in a mammal which comprises administering thereto an effective amount of a dermatological agent for external use containing a chromanol glycoside represented by the following general formula (1)

$$R^{5}O$$
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 $R^{$

wherein R¹, R², R³, and R⁴, which may be the same or different, each represent a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group, R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or a lower acyl group, X represents a monosaccharic residue or an oligosaccharic residue, which may have the hydrogen atom of the hydroxyl group in the saccharic residue substituted with a lower alkyl group or a lower acyl group, n represents an integer in the range of 0-6, and m represents an integer in the range of 1-6.

19. (Twice Amended Herewith) The method of claim 18 wherein said chromanol glycoside is selected from the group consisting of 2-(α-D-glycopyranosyl)methyl-2,5,7,8-

tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, 2-(β -D-galactopyranosyl)methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, 2-(β -D-fructofuranosyl)methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, and 2-(α -D-mannopyranosyl)methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol.

20. (Amended) A method for promoting growth of cells in a mammal which comprises administering thereto an effective amount of a dermatological agent for external use containing a chromanol glycoside represented by the following general formula (1)

$$R^{5}O$$
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 $R^{$

wherein R¹, R², R³, and R⁴, which may be the same or different, each represent a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group, R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or a lower acyl group, X represents a monosaccharic residue or an oligosaccharic residue, which may have the hydrogen atom of the hydroxyl group in the saccharic residue substituted with a lower alkyl group or a lower acyl group, n represents an integer in the range of 0-6, and m represents an integer in the range of 1-6).

21. (Twice Amended Herewith) The method of claim 20 wherein said chromanol glycoside is selected from the group consisting of 2-(α -D-glycopyranosyl)methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, 2-(β -D-galactopyranosyl)methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, and 2-(α -D-mannopyranosyl)methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol, and 2-(α -D-mannopyranosyl)methyl-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl chroman-6-ol.

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